Summer Institute in International Humanitarian Law and Human Rights

‘Asia Pacific Transitional Justice and Peace-building’

Organized by
the Asian International Justice Initiative
a collaboration between the U.C. Berkeley War Crimes Studies Center and the
East West Center
in partnership with
the Office of Human Rights Studies and Social Development, Mahidol University

May 11 - 24, 2008

Overview

The Summer Institute in International Humanitarian Law (‘IHL’) and Human Rights (the
‘Summer Institute’) is an advanced two-week training program designed for participants
working across a broad range of fields and disciplines related to IHL and Human Rights. The
course is best suited to participants who work either within the Asia-Pacific region or
whose work has an Asia-Pacific focus. The inaugural Summer Institute (‘Summer
Institute 2008’), which will be held in Bangkok next year, will focus on the theme of
transitional justice and peace-building. Summer Institute 2008 will provide participants
with an in-depth look at the key mechanisms being utilized to deal with gross IHL and
human rights violations committed throughout the Asia Pacific region. Some of the
mechanisms that will be considered during the course include: post-conflict trials
(conducted by both domestic and internationalized or ‘hybrid’ courts), national human
rights commissions and commissions of inquiry and investigation, reconciliatory
processes (including truth and reconciliation commissions), forms of delivering
reparations, and forms of mediation and arbitration.

The aim of the course is to provide participants with skills and knowledge that will:

(i) enhance their performance in IHL and human rights-related fields (be it as
judges, lawyers, government officials, NGO workers) or as observers of those
working in those fields (as academics, monitors, journalists and human rights
educators);
(ii) promote a skills-development that will enhance the effectiveness of reporting,
analysis, forensic investigation, and prosecution of human rights violations. These
skills will also contribute to mediation, reconciliation, and reinstatement
of human rights norms in conflict situations;
(iii) enable them to assess the effectiveness of transitional justice and peace-building mechanisms within the regional context (and from a broad range of perspectives); and
(iv) assist them to contribute more meaningfully to the ongoing debates regarding how best to improve upon these mechanisms.

In this regard, the Summer Institute has a dual professional and academic focus: rather than providing participants with a ‘textbook’ course on IHL and human rights, it engages them to think about both the practical and theoretical problems associated with implementing transitional justice, peace-building and human rights mechanisms within the wider political context in which they operate. The program aims to develop both the legal and political knowledge of the participants, and also the practical skills necessary for people who are working in the field in conflict situations. Unlike other courses currently on offer in Europe and North America, the Summer Institute focuses primarily on the Asia-Pacific region, using case studies and examples from across the ASEAN countries as its starting point for discussion and debate.

The application deadline for Summer Institute 2008 was February 15, 2008. However, in exceptional circumstances, the Organizers are willing to consider applications submitted after this deadline. Please contact Michelle Staggs, Coordinator, at summerinstitute@eastwestcenter.org for further information.

Who should apply
The Summer Institute is aimed at professionals and practitioners working throughout a broad range of fields dealing with the legal, political, or humanitarian context of transitional justice. This would include advocates in human rights or peace, humanitarian workers, legal officers, advanced (graduate-level) students, academics, government officials, and military or security personnel. Although the course is open to participants internationally, individuals who show a strong interest in IHL and human rights as it pertains to the Asia Pacific region and those living within ASEAN countries are particularly encouraged to apply. It is currently envisaged that 30 places will be made available for this course.

Structure of the course
The two-week course comprises a ‘core’ curriculum and a series of electives. The ‘core’ curriculum is taught every weekday during the morning sessions and all participants will be expected to attend. The core course primarily involves analyzing and assessing the legal doctrines applicable when holding human rights violators accountable, as well as looking at the key institutions that have been utilized to administer justice, accountability and reconciliation in post-conflict societies in Asia. Although an undergraduate degree in law is not a pre-requisite, some knowledge of the application of legal concepts in the context of human rights or international humanitarian law would be an asset (be it in a court, tribunal, truth commission, investigation, or a mediation and arbitration context).

Topics to be covered during the ‘core’ sessions include: an overview of transitional justice and human rights mechanisms in the Asia Pacific region and internationally, theories of liability in international humanitarian / international criminal law (including the doctrines of command responsibility, individual criminal responsibility and joint criminal enterprise), the prosecution of crimes against humanity and war crimes, and the interaction and intersection between international humanitarian law and human rights law (and particularly, when does each apply).
Elective classes will be taught during the afternoon sessions of the course. While the core curriculum will focus on institutions and issues of general importance, the electives will allow participants to focus on issues or areas of interest for their particular career path. The electives will draw upon in-depth case studies from throughout the region. For the first year, the Summer Institute will focus on three electives: (i) judicial mechanisms and truth commissions; (ii) human rights investigation, documentation and reporting; and (iii) mediation, conflict resolution and peace-building. Each elective strand will focus on looking at the way these mechanisms operate at the local, national, regional and international level. Applicants must choose one of three electives in which to participate on their application form.

(i) Elective One: Judicial Mechanisms and Truth Commissions

The prosecution of war crimes and crimes against humanity in the aftermath of civil war has become an established transitional justice mechanism through which human rights violators are held accountable for war time atrocities. Yet at the same time, trials alone are perceived as a narrow forum through which to address the multitude of concerns expressed by the victims of these crimes: the choice of who to prosecute is often too specific (focusing on top-level commanders, without allowing for those who actually did the crimes to face indictment) or too broad (focusing on low-level commanders, without allowing for the commanders in charge to be held accountable). As a result, truth commissions are often established at the same time or immediately following trials, as an alternative mechanism through which facts can be established and justice can be served: in this regard, the retributive function of the trial, in which some perpetrators are held accountable, is perceived to be complemented by the restorative function of the truth commission, in which other perpetrators are able to admit to past wrongs.

This elective will focus first, on trials, and second, on truth commissions from a practical legal perspective. It will look specifically at how prosecutors seek to indict alleged perpetrators of war crimes, what kind evidence is required to secure conviction and how courts have treated the evidence presented. Next, it will look specifically at the establishment of truth commissions and what is required, both to prepare for the hearings and to issue reports on the findings.

(ii) Elective Two: Human Rights Investigation, Documentation and Reporting

The investigation and documentation of human rights abuses is pivotal to enable societies in transition to move from wartime to peacetime. It is only through the ongoing work of individuals in commissions of inquiry, human rights commissions, as well as non-governmental organizations representing the interests of particular victims’ groups, that human rights violations are drawn to the attention of those who stand to make a difference and stop ongoing abuses.

This elective will focus on both providing participants with insights into the conduct of the investigations process (either through forensic investigations or through empirical studies and surveys) as well as accurately documenting and reporting human rights abuses in policy papers and reports. The course will be taught by experts in the
field with extensive experience in these areas, many of whom have been conducting investigations or writing reports in the area for over twenty years.

(iii) Elective Three: Peace-building and conflict resolution

Transitional justice entails a variety of inter-connected efforts to deal with the legacies of past conflict/war, all of which have implications for conflict resolution. This is a complex and fragile process, both because (i) perceived injustice is a frequent source of conflict; and (ii) the resolution of conflict is likely to be unstable if the outcomes of that resolution are perceived to be unjust. Knowledge of the intimate connection between conflict resolution and justice significantly contributes to an understanding of how to build towards further peace-building.

One of the important objectives of this elective is the skill in inventing productive, conflict-resolving actions which can combine with principles of justice. This elective will provide knowledge on the intersection of conflict and justice and skills training on conflict resolution commonly employed at different social levels. The elective will be taught by experts in the field who have extensive experiences of conflict resolution, problem-solving, mediation and negotiation.

Field trip
Following on from the two-week course, participants are invited to partake in a 3-day field trip to Cambodia at their own expense. Participants will engage with a number of NGOs, lawyers, prosecutors and human rights activists working both in and around the Extraordinary Chambers in the Courts of Cambodia – an internationalized tribunal established by the United Nations in cooperation with the Cambodian government.

Faculty
The faculty proposed to teach the Summer Institute are as follows:

1. David Cohen (Director, U.C. Berkeley War Crimes Studies Center and Chair of the Summer Institute)

Professor David Cohen is Director of the University of California Berkeley’s War Crimes Studies Center and Ancker Distinguished Professor of the Humanities at the University of California, Berkeley. His most recent publications are: “The Legacy of the Serious Crimes process in East Timor” (International Center for Transitional Justice, 2007), “Indifference and Accountability: The United Nations and the Politics of International Justice in East Timor” (East-West Center Special Reports Series, June 2006), “Intended to Fail: Trials before the Ad Hoc Human Rights Court in Jakarta” (International Center for Transitional Justice, 2003), “The Jurisprudential Legacy of the ICTY and ICTR” (Crimes of War, 2nd ed.), and “Hybrid Tribunals: Prospects and Challenges” (The University of Marburg). Over the past four years, Professor Cohen has been actively engaged in directing judicial and legal training workshops in Indonesia, East Timor and Cambodia, in international humanitarian law, human rights law and international criminal law.

2. Dato Param Cumaraswamy, United Nations Special Rapporteur on the Independence of Judges and Lawyers and Member of the Working Group for an ASEAN Human Rights Mechanism
Mr. Cumaraswamy served as Chair of the Malaysian Bar Council from 1986 to 1988 and was a founding member of the Council's Human Rights Committee and Legal Aid Committee. From 1986 to 1989, he was chairman of the Human Rights Committee of the International Bar Association. He was a commissioner of the International Commission of Jurists from 1990 to May 2000. He is a life member of the Law Association of Asia and the Pacific and served as its President from 1993 to 1995. He is also a member of the Regional Working Group for an ASEAN Human Rights Mechanism.

In 1994 he was appointed the United Nations Special Rapporteur on the Independence of Judges and Lawyers by the UN Commission on Human Rights and served on that mandate until 2003. As the UN Special Rapporteur, he intervened in more than 100 countries and conducted numerous fact-finding missions to investigate attacks on the independence of judges and lawyers and the rule of law. He has also served as President of Transparency International Malaysia.

Mr. Cumaraswamy received the 2005 Peter Gruber Foundation's Justice Prize at the Columbia University Law School. The citation praised him as a man "whose voice has been heard around the world for the independence of judges who are the ultimate custodians of the just rule of law that is the foundation for human rights. In a life dedicated to the defense and affirmation of justice, his fearless advocacy for judicial independence has often been at great personal risk and cost. His record serves as a call and as an inspiration to all.”

3. Jacinta DaCosta, Probational Judge, Court of Appeal, East Timor

Justice Jacinta DaCosta is a Probational Judge on the Court of Appeal in East Timor. She graduated from Gadjah Mada University Faculty of Law in Yogyakarta, Indonesia, in 1997. During 1998-99 she worked with an NGO, The Human Rights Foundation, as an assistant defense lawyer, and as a volunteer with the NGO, Communication Forum for East Timorese Women, as a counselor for victims. In early January 2000 she was appointed by the Transitional Administrator, Sergio Viera de Mello as a Probational Judge for the Dili District Court and on 20 of July 2000, the Transitional Administrator re-assigned her as a Probational Judge for the Court of Appeal. At the Court of Appeal she initially worked with two International Judges because at the time there was only one panel consisting of 3 Judges (one National and two Internationals). Later, in August 2004 the Court of Appeal got one more International Judge, so she now works with three International Judges. During UNTAET (United Nation Transitional Administration in East Timor) period she was also involved in other areas. In 2001 she was a Commissioner with Independent Electoral Commission that had responsibility for the Constituent Assembly Election in 2001 and was composed of 3 international election experts (from Korea, Australia and India) and two East Timorese. She was also on the Selection Panel for the Constitutional Commission that selected the person who had responsibility to consult with the East Timorese people about The East Timorese Constitution in 2001.

4. Norman Farrell, Principal Legal Officer, ICTY

Norman Farrell is the Principal Legal Officer of the Office of the Prosecutor (OTP) at the International Criminal Tribunal for the former Yugoslavia (ICTY). He began working at the ICTY in 1999, initially as an appeals counsel with the OTP, and was subsequently promoted in 2001 to acting head of the OTP Appeals Section for the ICTY; in 2002 to OTP Head of the Appeals Section for both the ICTY and the International Criminal
Tribunal for Rwanda, and then in 2005 to his current position. As Principal Legal Officer, Mr. Farrell is responsible for proving the Prosecutors direction and advice on all legal matters. Prior to joining the ICTY, Mr. Farrell worked at the International Committee of the Red Cross (ICRC), from 1996-1999, a position he took up after working for several years as a criminal prosecutor in Canada for the Attorney General of Ontario. He has been involved in training and teaching in international humanitarian law and international criminal law for several years.

5. Sidney Jones, Indonesia Expert, International Crisis Group

Sidney Jones and Crisis Group’s South East Asian analysts based in Jakarta prepare analytical reports on the sources of conflict and violence in the region, with a particular focus on Indonesia. She has examined separatist conflicts (Aceh and Papua, Mindanao); communal conflicts (Poso, Moluccas); and ethnic conflict (Kalimantan). Her team has also looked at Islamic radicalism, producing a series of reports on Jemaah Islamiyah and its operations in Indonesia and the Philippines. It also looks at issues of security sector reform and decentralisation in Indonesia. Sidney frequently briefs the media, international organisations, and government representatives on these issues.

6. Suzannah Linton, Director of LLM Programme (Human Rights), University of Hong Kong

Associate Professor Suzannah Linton is the Director of the LL.M Programme in Human Rights at the University of Hong Kong (see http://www.hku.hk/ccpl/human_rights/index.html), and also Deputy Director of the Centre for Comparative and Public Law. She teaches Public International Law, International Criminal Law and International Humanitarian Law, International Human Rights Law and a course on Dealing with Legacies of Human Rights Violations. In 2007-2008, she will also co-teach a new course on International Dispute Resolution.

Ms. Linton is qualified as a Solicitor in the United Kingdom, and joined the Faculty of Law in 2005 after many years of practice in international organisations around the world including with United Nations peacekeeping missions, the Mission of the Organisation for Security and Cooperation in Europe to Bosnia-Herzegovina, and the Office of the United Nations High Commissioner for Human Rights, as well as international courts and tribunals such as the International Criminal Tribunal for the Former Yugoslavia and the Claims Resolution Tribunal for Dormant Accounts in Switzerland. She also served as a prosecutor for Serious Crimes before the Special Panel for Serious Crimes in East Timor and advised the East Timor CAVR (Commission for Reception, Truth, and Reconciliation) on International Law. Her focus has been on accountability for gross violations of human rights and humanitarian law, and the rebuilding of war-torn nations through rule of law. She has particular expertise on the Balkans, East Timor, Indonesia and Cambodia.

Ms. Linton has received numerous academic awards, scholarships and fellowships. She is a member of international bodies such as the International Committee for Human Rights in Sarajevo, the International Legal Assistance Consortium in Sweden, the International Bar Association, the European, Asian and American Societies of International Law, as well as the International Law Association, whose committees on Reparation for Victims of War and Non State Actors she is part of.
Ms. Linton is listed among the world's top public international lawyers in the WHO'S WHO IN PUBLIC INTERNATIONAL LAW, 2007, 1st Edition, edited by Sir Elihu Lauterpacht, CBE, QC.

She has published widely in leading international law journals.

7. Justice Liu Daqun – Appeals Chamber, International Criminal Tribunal for the Former Yugoslavia

Judge Liu Daqun has been a permanent Judge at the International Criminal Tribunal for the former Yugoslavia since 2000 and now sits in the appeals Chamber. Before joining the ICTY, he was ambassador to Jamaica and also permanent representative of the People’s Republic of China to the International Seabed Authority. From 1984 to 1993, Judge Liu was the director of the Private International Law Division, and of the Law of the Sea Division, in the Treaty and Law Department of the Chinese Foreign Ministry. From 1993 to 1998, Judge Liu held the position of the Deputy Director General and Legal Adviser in the same department. Judge Liu was also professor of International Law at the China University of Law and Political Science. He has represented China in various legal forums and negotiations and was deputy head and chief negotiator of the Chinese delegation to the Rome Conference on the establishment of the International Criminal Court.

8. Mr Carlos Medina, Secretary-General of the Working Group for an ASEAN Human Rights Mechanism

Carlos P. Medina, Jr. is the Executive Director of the Ateneo Human Rights Center (AHRC), which is based at the School of Law of the Ateneo de Manila University. AHRC is involved in efforts to set up law school-based human rights centers in the Philippines. He is also the Secretary General of the non-governmental Working Group for an ASEAN Human Rights Mechanism, a regional coalition of human rights advocates working for the establishment of an inter-governmental human rights system in Southeast Asia. He teaches Constitutional Law and International Humanitarian Law at the Ateneo Law School, and International Relations and Public Dispute Resolution at the Ateneo School of Government. He is also the Vice-Chairperson of the Department of International Law and Human Rights of the Philippine Judicial Academy of the Supreme Court, and previously served as defense counsel for detainees at the Manila City Jail. Carlos is a graduate of the Ateneo Law School, the London School of Economics and Political Science (University of London), and the Kennedy School of Government (Harvard University).

9. Vitit Muntarbhorn is a Professor of Law at Chulalongkorn University, Bangkok.

Vitit Muntarbhorn is an eminent expert in human rights with more than 1000 publications and combines the qualities of a scholar, an educator, a policy-making adviser and a grass-root human rights activist. He has served in various capacities for the United Nations system. In 1990-1994, he was Special Rapporteur on the sale of children, child prostitution and child pornography. Professor Muntarbhorn was recently nominated
10. **Asmara Nababan, Executive Director, DEMOS**

Asmara Nababan is Executive Director of DEMOS, Centre for Democracy and Human Rights Study, Jakarta. He is also chairperson of The Institute for Research and Advocacy (ELSAM) in Jakarta. He was a member of the National Commission on Human Rights/Komnas HAM (1993-2002), and General Secretary of Komnas HAM (1999-2002). He has had a long history of defending human rights in Indonesia, from the grassroots to policy level, working with NGOs throughout Indonesia and for East Timor.

11. **Justice Motoo Noguchi, Supreme Court Chamber, Extraordinary Chambers in the Courts of Cambodia**

Justice Motoo Noguchi is a professor at UNAFEI (United Nations Asia and Far East Institute for the Prevention of Crime and the Treatment of Offenders) in Tokyo, serving concurrently as senior attorney at the Ministry of Foreign Affairs, International Legal Affairs Bureau. He started his career as public prosecutor at the Ministry of Justice in 1985 and has accumulated considerable experience in criminal investigations and trials. He also has long experience in the provision of legal technical assistance for developing countries in Asia including Cambodia, firstly as professor at the Research and Training Institute of the Ministry of Justice, then as counsel at the Asian Development Bank, and currently as professor at UNAFEI. He is a graduate of the University of Tokyo, Faculty of Law and was visiting scholar at University of Washington, Law School, USA from 1992-93. He currently serves as a judge on the Supreme Court Chamber at the ECCC.

12. **Sripapha Petcharamesree, Director, Office of Human Rights Studies and Social Development**

Sripapha Petcharamesree is a Member of the Thai Working Group for an ASEAN Human Rights Mechanism; Director, Office of Human Rights Studies and Social Development, Mahidol University; Professorial Lecturer of Political Science, Human Rights Studies Program, Mahidol University; Professorial Lecturer of Political Science, Southeast Asia Studies Program, Thammasat University; Member, Subcommittees on Human Rights Situation Assessment; Child Rights; and Administration of Justice and Legislation – Thai National Human Rights Commission.

13. **Theary Seng, Director of the Center for Social Development, Cambodia**

Theary Seng is the Executive Director of the Center for Social Development (CSD), a local human rights organization based in Phnom Penh, Cambodia since June 1995. CSD works in the areas of court monitoring, good governance, parliamentary and elections monitoring, and community dialogue and national reconciliation through its public forums.

Theary graduated from Georgetown University’s School of Foreign Service (Washington, DC) with a Bachelor of Science in International Politics in 1995 and from the University of Michigan Law School with a Juris Doctor in 2000. Theary is a member of the New
York Bar Association and American Bar Association, and is awaiting membership to the Cambodian Bar Association.

Theary has written about her life in a book entitled *Daughter of the Killing Fields*, first published in London in September 2005. She is also a founding member and vice-president of the Women's Association of Small & Medium Businesses (WASMB), and a Board member of Silapak Khmer Amatak (Cambodian Living Arts), and one of three judges of the new, educational, The Apprentice-format reality TV series *Youth Leadership Challenge* (Sundays, TV5 1.30-2.30 p.m.) to instill youth and civic leadership among young Cambodian people.

14. Rupert Skilbeck, Principal Defender, Defence Support Section, Extraordinary Chambers in the Courts of Cambodia

Rupert Skilbeck practises in criminal law, human rights law and international criminal law. In June 2006 he was appointed by the United Nations as the Principal Defender for the Extraordinary Chambers in the Courts of Cambodia (ECCC), more commonly known as the Khmer Rouge Tribunal. From 2005 to 2006 he was the Director of Odsjek Krivicne Odbrane (OKO), the criminal defence section of the specialist war crimes chamber of the Court of Bosnia and Herzegovina in Sarajevo. In 2004 he acted as the Defence Advisor to the Special Court for Sierra Leone in Freetown. He acts as an expert for the Council of Europe on the European Convention on Human Rights, lecturing throughout Eastern Europe. He has also lectured on human rights law and war crimes law around the world for organisations such as the International Bar Association, the FCO, the British Institute of International and Comparative Law and the Bar Human Rights Committee. He was until recently a director of Amicus, a charity which assists lawyers working on death penalty cases in the USA.

15. Eric Stover (Director, U.C. Berkeley Human Rights Center)

Eric Stover is Director of the Human Rights Center and Adjunct Professor of Public Health. He was the Executive Director of Physicians for Human Rights (PHR) until December 1995. Since 1993, he has severed on several medicolegal investigations as an "Expert on Mission" to the International Criminal Tribunal for the former Yugoslavia in The Hague. In March and April 1995, he conducted a survey of mass graves throughout Rwanda for the International Criminal Tribunal for Rwanda. In June 1984, Mr. Stover testified for the prosecution at the trial of leaders of the military junta which ruled Argentina from 1976 to 1983.

and other professional journals. In 1992, he wrote and co-produced a NOVA-WGBH documentary on the search for the graves of Butch Cassidy and the Sundance Kid in Bolivia.

Information for Applicants

The 2008 Summer Institute will be held in Bangkok, on the workdays between May 11 – 24.

Selection Criteria

Applicants for the Summer Institute should be professionals or academic / senior student researchers proficient in English with some knowledge, training and experience in a field relevant to the topics discussed in the seminars. Preference will be given to applicants holding appointments or conducting research with universities, government agencies, NGOs or private organizations in the field of human rights, conflict resolution / peace studies and international humanitarian law. Applicants must elect to choose one elective strand of the three provided on their application form. (The three strands currently being offered are: (i) judicial mechanisms and truth commissions; (ii) human rights investigation, documentation and reporting; and (iii) mediation, conflict resolution and peace-building).

Individuals will be selected on the basis of their potential contribution to the Institute’s seminars and to future professional work. Assessment of each applicant’s potential contribution will be based on the information provided in the application form plus the required accompanying written statement, other materials submitted as part of the application, and evidence of relevant experience and interest. In preparing application materials, applicants should take care to address the selection criteria that are specified in the relevant workshop description.

Application Procedures and Deadlines

Applicants who wish to take part in the 2008 Summer Institute should send the completed application form and other application documents as soon as possible, by email to Michelle Staggs, Coordinator, at summerinstitute@eastwestcenter.org or by post to: Office of Human Rights Studies and Social Development, Attn: Summer Institute 2008, Faculty of Graduate Studies, Mahidol University, Salaya Campus, Puttamonthon, Nakornpathorn 73170, Thailand.

Further information on the Summer Institute is available on the AIJI Website at: www.eastwestcenter.org/summerinstitute. Application forms can be downloaded from the website.

The application deadline for Summer Institute 2008 was February 15, 2008. However, in exceptional circumstances, the Organizers are willing to consider applications submitted after this deadline. Please contact Michelle Staggs, Coordinator, at summerinstitute@eastwestcenter.org for further information.

All prospective applicants are advised to seek funding from their home organizations or from national or international agencies. We may also be able to provide
some assistance in identifying international agencies that might be willing to support the participation of individuals from the region. Applicants are expected to seek their own financial support and indicate prospective sponsors on the appropriate application form. AIJI can provide limited financial assistance to a very few outstanding candidates upon application. **Confirmation of funding is essential before documents can be sent for visa purposes.**

**Seminar Costs**

The tuition fee for Summer Institute 2008 is US$2,000. This includes the cost of tuition and course materials for the duration of the course. A limited number of scholarships will be available to participants based in Southeast Asia (other than Singapore and Brunei Darussalam) who show the greatest need. Scholarship will be awarded in February 2008. Scholarships awarded to Malaysian participants will not include the cost of international travel. If you are applying for a scholarship from the Organizers, you should indicate this on the funding form that must be submitted with your application.

Further information regarding the options for housing and ground transportation will be posted on the website in due course. Applicants are encouraged to check the website on a regular basis, at [www.eastwestcenter.org/summerinstitute](http://www.eastwestcenter.org/summerinstitute). Further enquiries can be directed to Michelle Staggs at summerinstitute@eastwestcenter.org.