

Claim 1: $d\Omega_1 = 0$

$$\begin{aligned}\Omega_1 &= |x|^{-2} x_1 dx_2 - |x|^{-2} x_2 dx_1, \\ \Rightarrow d\Omega_1 &= d(|x|^{-2} x_1) \wedge dx_2 - d(|x|^{-2} x_2) \wedge dx_1, \\ &= d\left(\frac{x_1}{x_1^2 + x_2^2}\right) \wedge dx_2 - d\left(\frac{x_2}{x_1^2 + x_2^2}\right) \wedge dx_1, \\ &= \frac{\partial}{\partial x_1} \frac{x_1}{x_1^2 + x_2^2} dx_1 \wedge dx_2 - \frac{\partial}{\partial x_2} \frac{x_2}{x_1^2 + x_2^2} dx_2 \wedge dx_1 \\ &= \left(\frac{x_1^2 + x_2^2 - 2x_1^2}{(x_1^2 + x_2^2)^2} \right) dx_1 \wedge dx_2 + \left(\frac{x_1^2 + x_2^2 - 2x_2^2}{(x_1^2 + x_2^2)^2} \right) dx_1 \wedge dx_2 \\ &= \frac{x_1^2 + x_2^2 - 2x_1^2 + x_1^2 + x_2^2 - 2x_2^2}{(x_1^2 + x_2^2)^2} dx_1 \wedge dx_2 \\ &= 0\end{aligned}$$

Claim 2: $d\Omega_2 = 0$

$$\begin{aligned}d\Omega_2 &= d(|x|^{-3} x_1 dx_2 \wedge dx_3) - d(|x|^{-3} x_2 dx_1 \wedge dx_3) \\ &\quad + d(|x|^{-3} x_3 dx_1 \wedge dx_2) \\ &= d(|x|^{-3} x_1 dx_{(2,3)}) - d(|x|^{-3} x_2 dx_{(1,3)}) + d(|x|^{-3} x_3 dx_{(1,2)}) \\ &= \frac{\partial}{\partial x_1} \frac{x_1}{(x_1^2 + x_2^2 + x_3^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx_{(1,2,3)} - \frac{\partial}{\partial x_1} \frac{x_2}{(x_1^2 + x_2^2 + x_3^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx_{(2,1,3)} \\ &\quad + \frac{\partial}{\partial x_1} \frac{x_3}{(x_1^2 + x_2^2 + x_3^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx_{(3,1,2)} \\ &= \frac{3(x_1^2 + x_2^2 + x_3^2)^{\frac{3}{2}} - (x_1^2 + x_2^2 + x_3^2)^{\frac{3}{2}} (3)}{(x_1^2 + x_2^2 + x_3^2)^3} dx_{(1,2,3)} \\ &= 0\end{aligned}$$

Claim 3: Generally,

$$\begin{aligned}\Omega_{n-1} &= |x|^{-n} \sum_{i=1}^n (-1)^{i-1} x_i dx_1 \wedge \dots \wedge dx_{i-1} \wedge dx_{i+1} \wedge \dots \wedge dx_n \\ &= \sum_{i=1}^n (-1)^{i-1} \frac{x_i}{\left(\sum_{j=1}^n x_j^2\right)^{\frac{n}{2}}} dx_{(1,2,\dots,i-1,i+1,\dots,n)}\end{aligned}$$

And $d\Omega_{n-1} = 0$.

$$\begin{aligned}d\Omega_{n-1} &= \sum_{i=1}^n d\left(\frac{x_i}{\left(\sum_{j=1}^n x_j^2\right)^{\frac{n}{2}}}\right) (-1)^{i-1} dx_{(1,2,\dots,i-1,i+1,\dots,n)} \\ &= \sum_{i=1}^n \frac{\partial}{\partial x_i} \left(\frac{x_i}{\left(\sum_{j=1}^n x_j^2\right)^{\frac{n}{2}}} \right) (-1)^{i-1} (-1)^{i-1} dx_{(1,2,\dots,n)} \\ &= \sum_{i=1}^n \frac{\left(\sum_{j=1}^n x_j^2\right)^{\frac{n}{2}} - n \left(\sum_{j=1}^n x_j^2\right)^{\frac{n}{2}-1} x_i^2}{\left(\sum_{j=1}^n x_j^2\right)^n} dx_{(1,2,\dots,n)} \\ &= |x|^{-n} \left[n \left(\sum_{j=1}^n x_j^2\right)^{\frac{n}{2}} - n \left(\sum_{j=1}^n x_j^2\right)^{\frac{n}{2}} \right] dx_{(1,2,\dots,n)} \\ &= 0\end{aligned}$$

S^2 parameterization 1

$$\frac{\partial \gamma_1}{\partial s} = \pi \cos(\pi s) \cos(2\pi t)$$

$$\frac{\partial \gamma_2}{\partial s} = \pi \cos(\pi s) \sin(2\pi t)$$

$$\frac{\partial \gamma_1}{\partial t} = -2\pi \sin(\pi s) \cos(2\pi t)$$

$$\frac{\partial \gamma_2}{\partial t} = 2\pi \sin(\pi s) \cos(2\pi t)$$

$$\frac{\partial \gamma_3}{\partial s} = -\pi \sin(\pi s), \quad \frac{\partial \gamma_3}{\partial t} = 0$$

$$\frac{\partial \gamma_{(1,2)}}{\partial (s,t)} = \pi^2 \sin(2\pi s)$$

$$\frac{\partial \gamma_{(2,3)}}{\partial (s,t)} = 2\pi^2 \sin^2(\pi s) \cos(2\pi t)$$

$$\frac{\partial \gamma_{(1,3)}}{\partial (s,t)} = -2\pi^2 \sin^2(\pi s) \sin(2\pi t)$$

$$x_1^2 + x_2^2 + x_3^2 = \sin^2(\pi s) \cos^2(2\pi t) + \sin^2(\pi s) \sin^2(2\pi t) + \cos^2(\pi s) \\ = 1$$

$$\int_S \Omega_2 = \int_{[0,1]^2} \sin(\pi s) \cos(2\pi t) (2\pi^2 \sin^2(\pi s) \cos(2\pi t)) ds dt$$

$$- \int_{[0,1]^2} \sin(\pi s) \sin(2\pi t) (-2\pi^2 \sin^2(\pi s) \sin(2\pi t)) ds dt$$

$$+ \int_{[0,1]^2} \cos(\pi s) \pi^2 \sin(2\pi s) ds dt$$

$$= \pi^2 \int_{[0,1]^2} [2 \sin^3(\pi s) \cos^2(2\pi t) \\ + 2 \sin^3(\pi s) \sin^2(2\pi t)]$$

$$+ \sin(2\pi s) \cos(\pi s)] ds dt$$

$$= \pi^2 \int_0^1 \int_0^1 \sin(\pi s) ds dt$$

$$= 4\pi$$

S^2 parametrization 2

$$\frac{\partial \gamma_1}{\partial a} = \frac{2-2a^2+2b^2}{(1+a^2+b^2)^2}$$

$$\frac{\partial \gamma_2}{\partial a} = \frac{-4ab}{(1+a^2+b^2)^2}$$

$$\frac{\partial \gamma_1}{\partial b} = \frac{-4ab}{(1+a^2+b^2)^2}$$

$$\frac{\partial \gamma_2}{\partial b} = \frac{2+2a^2-2b^2}{(1+a^2+b^2)^2}$$

$$\frac{\partial \gamma_3}{\partial a} = \frac{4a}{(1+a^2+b^2)^2}, \quad \frac{\partial \gamma_3}{\partial b} = \frac{4b}{(1+a^2+b^2)^2}$$

$$\frac{\partial \gamma_{(1,2)}}{\partial (a,b)} = \frac{4-4a^4-4b^4-8a^2b^2}{(1+a^2+b^2)^4}$$

$$\frac{\partial \gamma_{(1,3)}}{\partial (a,b)} = \frac{8b-8a^2b+8b^3}{(1+a^2+b^2)^4}$$

$$\frac{\partial \gamma_{(2,3)}}{\partial (a,b)} = \frac{-8a-8a^3-8ab^2}{(1+a^2+b^2)^4}$$

$$\int_{\mathbb{R}^2} \Omega_2 = \int_{\mathbb{R}^2} \left[\frac{2a}{1+a^2+b^2} \frac{\partial \gamma_{(2,3)}}{\partial (a,b)} - \frac{2b}{1+a^2+b^2} \frac{\partial \gamma_{(1,3)}}{\partial (a,b)} + \frac{-1+a^2+b^2}{1+a^2+b^2} \frac{\partial \gamma_{(1,2)}}{\partial (a,b)} \right] da db$$

$$= \iint_{-\infty}^{\infty} \iint_{-\infty}^{\infty} \frac{-4(1+a^2+b^2)^3}{(1+a^2+b^2)^5} da db$$

$$= -4\pi$$