

1. Find the volume of a solid that lies between planes perpendicular to the x -axis at $x = -1$ and $x = 1$ whose cross-sections perpendicular to the x -axis are circular disks whose diameters run from the parabola $y = x^2$ to the parabola $y = 2 - x^2$.
2. Find the volume of the solid generated by revolving the region enclosed by $y = \sqrt{\cos(x)}$, $y = 0$, $x = 0$, $0 \leq x \leq \pi/2$ about the x -axis.
3. Find the volume of the solids generated by rotating the region enclosed by $x = 0$, $y = 2$ and $y = 2x/3$
 - a. about the y -axis.
 - b. about the x -axis.
4. Find the volume of the solid generated by rotating the area enclosed by $x = \tan(y)$, $y = 0$, and $x = 1$ about the y -axis.
5. Find the volume of the solid generated by rotating the region enclosed by the triangle with vertices $(1, 0)$, $(2, 1)$, and $(1, 1)$ about the y -axis.
6. Consider the region enclosed by the graphs of $y = 5/7 + x/7$ and $y = \sqrt{1 - x^2}$.
 - a. Show algebraically that the graphs of the above two functions intersect at the points $(-4/5, 3/5)$ and $(3/5, 4/5)$.
 - b. Write an integral that gives the area of the region between these two functions (do not evaluate the integral).
 - c. Write an integral that gives the volume of the solid formed by revolving this region around the x -axis (do not evaluate the integral).
 - d. Write an integral that gives the volume of the solid formed by revolving this region around the line $x = -1$ (do not evaluate the integral).